Westcott Church of England School

Science Curriculum Mapping Cycle A (2023-2024) & B (2024-2025

Science Key Stage 1 Years 1 & 2						
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5 /6	July
Topic Cycle A 2023-2024	Unique you and me!	Fire! Fire!	Towers, Tunnels and Turrets!	There's no place like home!	The Secret Scented Garden! (Assessments)	Pupil initiated:
National Curriculum	Observe Seasonal Changes: Autumn, weather & day length Comparing Animals Including Humans	Observe Seasonal Changes: Winter weather & day length Everyday Materials	Winter 8 weather &	onal Changes: & Spring, day length d Their Habitats	Observe Seasonal Changes: Summer, sun safety weather & day length Introduction to Plants & Trees Plant Growth	
Key Knowledge Progression	Know about the changes in the seasons. Know the name of the seasons and the type of weather in each season. Know how to plant bulbs for the summer. Know how to name, draw and label the parts of the human body that I can see Know how to link the correct part of the human body to each sense Know the basic stages in the life cycle of animals, including humans Know what animals and humans need to survive. Know why exercise, a balanced diet and good hygiene are important for humans.	Know the materials that an object is made from. Can distinguish an object and the material it is made from. Know the difference between wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock. Know about the properties of everyday materials. Can group and compare objects based on the materials they are made from.	Know about the changes in the seasons. Know the name of the seasons and the type of weather in each season. Know and understand some of the life processes, including movement, reproduction, sensitivity, growth, excretion and nutrition. Know the difference between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive, using some of the life processes. Know a variety of plants and animals and describe some differences. Know the name of a variety of habitats, including woodland, ocean, rainforest, coastal and polar Know that a habitat is the environment where an animal or plant lives/grows because it provides what they need to survive. To know about 4 habitats. Know that living things depend upon each other (e.g. for food, shelter. Know and understand that a food chain can be used to show how animals obtain food from eating either plants		Know about the changes in the seasons. Know the name of the seasons and the type of weather in each season. Know and name a variety of common wild and garden plants including deciduous and evergreen trees. Know and name the petals, stem, leaves and roots of a plant Know and name the roots, trunk, branches and leaves of a tree Know how seeds and bulbs grow into plants Know what plants need to grow and stay healthy (water, light & suitable temperature)	

Topic Cycle B 2024-2025	Marvelous Transport!	Terrific Toys! (Then and now)	Going on a Safari!	To the Moon and the Stars!	Oh, we do like to be beside the seaside! (Assessments)	Pupil initiated:
National Curriculum	Uses of Everyday Materials		Living Things - Microhabits Animals: Sensitive bodies		Animals Including Humans (Life cycles and health)	
Key Knowledge & Skills	Know and name a range of materials including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard. Know why a material might or might not be used for a		Know how to identify and classify a variety of minibeasts Know a variety of plants and animals and describe some differences.		Know and name a variety of animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals.	
Progression	specific job. Know how materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.		Know that a habitat is the en or plant lives/grows, because		Classify and know animals by eat- carnivore, herbivore and	•
			to survive. Know that a microhabitat is a under stones, logs and leaf li		Know how to sort animals in categories; fish, amphibians, birds and mammals.	
			Know that living things dependenced, shelter).		Know how to sort living and things.	non-living
					Identify things that are living never alive.	, dead or

		Science	Lower Key Stage 2 Years 3 &	4		
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5 /6	July
Topic Cycle A	Savage Stone to Brilliant	Light of the World	What an incredible earth!	A clang and a bang! Music	Pharaohs and Pyramids	Pupil
2023-2024	Bronze			to my ears!	of the Nile	initiated:
					(Assessments)	
National	Rocks & Soil	Light & Shadows	Forces and Magnets	Sound & vibrations	Plants, Trees & Soil	
Curriculum	Market and an artist and an artist and artist artist and artist artist and artist artist and artist artis	Karanahat banasan arad Babt		Wa aya baya a aya da aya ya da	Water	
Skills &	Know, compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis	Know that humans need light in order to see things and	Know that some forces are	Know how sounds are made, associating some of them	Know and describe the functions of different parts of	
Knowledge	of their appearance and simple	that dark is the absence of	a result of contact between two surfaces but	with something vibrating.	flowering plants: roots,	
Progression	physical properties .	light.	some forces can act at a	Know that vibrations from	stem/trunk, leaves and	
			distance.	sounds travel through a	flowers.	
	Describe in simple terms how	Know that light is reflected	Know that magnets have a	medium to the ear.		
	fossils are formed when things that	from surfaces.	north and south pole.	Find nattorns between the	Explore the requirements of	
	have lived are trapped within rock.	Know that light from the sun	Know some examples of	Find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features	plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from	
	Know that soils are made from	can be dangerous and that	magnetic materials,	of the object that produced	soil, and room to grow) and	
	rocks and organic matter	there are ways to protect	including iron and nickel,	it.	how they vary from plant to	
		their eyes.	and how they react to a		plant.	
			magnet and each other.	Find patterns between the		
		Know that shadows are formed when the light from a		volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations	Investigate the way in which water is transported within	
		light source is blocked by an	Know some different	that produced it .	plants.	
		opaque object.	examples of magnets,	·		
			including bar, horseshoe,	Know that sounds get fainter	Know the part that flowers	
		Find patterns in the way that	button and ring.	as the distance from the	play in the life cycle of	
		the size of shadows change.	Know some uses of	sound source increases.	flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation	
			magnets.		and seed dispersal.	
			magnets.			
			Know friction is a contact			
			force that acts between			
			two surfaces to slow an			
			object down.			
			Know magnetism is a non-			
			contact force that affects			
			objects containing			
			magnetic metal.			
			Know and understand that			
			the opposite poles of a			
			magnet attract one			
			another and like poles			
			repel one another.			

National Curriculum Digestion & Food Skills and Knowledge Progression National Curriculum Now the main organs of the human digestive system (mouth, teeth, tongue, oesophagus, stomach, small and large intestines) and describe their simple functions. Know the different types of human teeth (incisor, canine, premolar and molar) and their simple functions. States of Matter Electricity & Circuits Energy Know that all electrical appliances need a power source, including batteries or mains electricity. Know that an electrical circuit needs a complete path for the electrical charge to flow through. Know the main components in a series (Assessments) Animals Including Humans Movement and Nutrition Know that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways. Know that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways. Know that an electricity. Know that an electrical circuit needs a complete path for the electrical charge to flow through. Know the main components in a series Know that an electrical corrow make their local and wider environment. Know that they cannot make their local and wider environment. Know that they cannot make their local and wider environment. Know that they cannot make their local and wider environment. Know that humans Movement and Nutrition Know that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways. Know how to use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment. Know that humans mode the right types and amount of nutrition, and their they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat. Know that humans mode including batteries or wariety of ways. Know thous to seed a power source, including batteries or wariety of ways. Know that an electrical circuit needs a complete path for the electrical environment. Know the different types of help group, identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment. Know that environments in a series or wariety of ways	initiated:
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Know that predators hunt for them easily and these are groups and their simple	
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animals being hunted. Know insulators. balanced diet should	
that producers make their own include all food groups.	
food. Know that metals are used for cables and wires	
Know that food chains begin because they are good	
with a producer followed by conductors and plastic is	
consumers, and arrows to used to cover cables and	
show the energy passed on. wires because it is a good	
insulator.	

Science Upper Key Stage 2 Years 5 & 6						
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5 /6	July
Topic Cycle A 2023-2024	It's time for a Disaster!	Victorian Children and Christmas	Animal, Vegetable or Mineral?	To be or not to be?	We have the Power to change! (Assessments)	Pupil initiated:
National Curriculum	Living Things and their Habitats	Light & Reflection	Evolution and Inheritance Food Nutrition	Materials: Mixtures & Separation	Electricity	
Skills & Knowledge	Know how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro-organisms, plants and animals. Know and give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics. Know that 'organism' is a term used to refer to an individual living thing. Know that microorganisms are incredibly small and cannot usually be seen by the naked eye. Know the characteristics of the different groups of vertebrates and commonly found invertebrates.	Know that light appears to travel in straight lines. Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye. Know and explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to our eyes. Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them.	Know that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago. Know that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents. Know how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution.	Know that some substances will dissolve in a liquid to form a solution. Know the factors that affect the time taken to dissolve, including temperature and stirring. Know that some liquids and solids can be separated using sieving, filtering and evaporation and to describe these processes.	Know that the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer is associated with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit. Compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches. Know and use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram.	

Topic Cycle B 2024-2025	Invade, Conquer Settle	We're all Wonders!	May the Force be with you!	Map Makers & Globe Trotters	Spies, Suspicions and Secrets (Assessments)	Pupil initiated:
National Curriculum	Living Things and their Habitats Life Cycles Plant & animal reproduction	Animals Including Humans	Forces	Earth and Space	Materials: Properties and Changes	
Key Knowledge and skills	Know and describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird. Know and describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals.	Know the changes as humans develop to old age. Know and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood. Know the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function. Know the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including	Know that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object. Identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces. Know that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.	Know and explain about the movement of the earth and other planets relative to the sun. Know and explain about the movement of the moon in relation to the Earth. Know how night and day are created. Know that the earth, sun and moon are spherical. Use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of	Know how to compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets. Know and give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic.	